

WRAP Exams · wrapexams.com

Prelims PYQ, Mains model answers, and copy evaluation. Write to the desk for this paper, a doubt, or the AI waitlist.

ask@wrapexams.com · +91 85951 84903 · wrapexams.com

Q2

"Right of movement and residence throughout the territory of India are freely available to the Indian citizens, but these rights are not absolute. " Comment.

UPSC Civil Services Mains 2022 · GS II · 10 marks · Transparency and e-Governance

Important aspects of governance, transparency and accountability, e-governance - applications, models, successes, limitations, and potential; citizens charters, transparency and accountability and institutional and other measures.

Facts & figures for this PYQ only.

Numbers move. Confirm the latest Budget, Economic Survey or census round. This sheet is for revision, not a substitute for the model answer.

<https://wrapexams.com/upsc/mains-answers/gs-2/2022/right-of-movement-and-residence-throughout-the-territory-of-india-are-freely-available-to-the-indian-citizens-but-these-rights-are-not-absolute-comment/>

Article 19(1)(d) and (e)

Citizen rights to move freely throughout the territory of India and to reside and settle in any part of it.

Article 19(5)

Allows reasonable restrictions on those two rights in the interests of the general public or for protection of Scheduled Tribes.

Bengal Eastern Frontier Regulation, 1873

Colonial inner-line statute still used, with later State rules, to regulate entry into specified North-Eastern areas.

Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India (1978)

Treated the right to go abroad as personal liberty under **Article 21**, not as **Article 19(1)(d)** intra-India movement.

Article 371A

Special provision for Nagaland on religious and social practices, customary law and land, which conditions outsider settlement.