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Prelims PYQ, Mains model answers, and copy evaluation. Write to the desk for this paper, a doubt, or the AI waitlist.

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Q2

To what extent is Article 370 of the Indian Constitution, bearing marginal note "temporary provision with respect to the State of Jammu and Kashmir", temporary? Discuss the future prospects of this provision in the context of Indian polity.

UPSC Civil Services Mains 2016 · GS II · 12 marks · Indian Constitution

Indian Constitution - historical underpinnings, evolution, features, amendments, significant provisions and basic structure.

Facts & figures for this PYQ only.

Numbers move. Confirm the latest Budget, Economic Survey or census round. This sheet is for revision, not a substitute for the model answer.

<https://wrapexams.com/upsc/mains-answers/gs-2/2016/to-what-extent-is-article-370-of-the-indian-constitution-bearing-marginal-note-temporary-provision-with-respect-to-the-state-of-jammu-and-kashmir-temporary-discuss-the-future-prospects-of-this-provision-in-the-context-of/>

Article 370

Part XXI provision that limited and gated the application of the Constitution to Jammu and Kashmir through Presidential orders and State concurrence.

Article 370(3)

Empowered the President to declare that **Article 370** shall cease to operate, originally on the recommendation of the State Constituent Assembly.

Constitution (Application to J&K) Order, 1954

Principal order that extended large parts of the Union Constitution to the State, including modified fundamental rights, and was the vehicle for **Article 35A**.

Jammu and Kashmir Reorganisation Act, 2019

Parliament Act that reorganised the State into the Union Territories of Jammu and Kashmir and Ladakh after **Article 370** was made inoperative.

In Re: Article 370 (2023)

Supreme Court upheld the 2019 constitutional orders ending the special status and observed that statehood should be restored.